## Hnited States Senate WASHINGTON, DC 20510

July 11, 2017

The Honorable Chuck Rosenberg Acting Administrator United States Drug Enforcement Administration 8701 Morrissette Dr. Springfield, VA 22152

Dear Acting Administrator Rosenberg:

As our nation continues to confront the worsening prescription opioid, heroin, and fentanyl epidemic, we write to urge the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to build upon last year's progress in reducing aggregate production quotas for schedule II opioids and further lower those levels for 2018.

In order to effectively combat this raging crisis, stakeholders—especially our federal oversight agencies—must use every tool available to prevent the flood of addictive narcotic painkillers onto the market that can result in misuse, abuse, and diversion. We have shared our deep concern that, for the past two decades, DEA has approved significant increases in the aggregate volume of opioids allowed to be produced for sale in the United States. Between 1993 and 2015, DEA allowed aggregate production quotas for oxycodone to increase 39-fold, hydrocodone to increase 12-fold, hydromorphone to increase 23-fold, and fentanyl to increase 25-fold.

As the gatekeeper for how many opioids are allowed to be sold legally every year in the United States, we commend DEA on taking initial steps last year to lower production quotas for the first time in a generation. We were pleased that DEA followed our calls to lower nearly all opioid production quotas by 25 percent or more, including reducing the quota for hydrocodone by 34 percent. However, the 2017 production quota levels for numerous schedule II opioids remain dramatically higher than they were a decade ago. Further reductions, through DEA's existing quota-setting authority, are necessary to rein in this epidemic.

We have, and will continue to, engage with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) on ensuring they are providing your agency with the appropriate information—which takes into account the downstream public health impact of the volume of opioids authorized to come to market—to help inform DEA's quota-setting process. In addition, as we have stated to you in the past, we believe that DEA should use existing authorities under the Controlled Substances Act to consider the recent Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain and proactively adjust opioid production quotas, given this "change in the currently accepted medical use" of opioids.

Finally, as DEA issues its draft order for the 2018 production quotas, we urge the agency to foster enhanced transparency and accountability by taking the following actions:

• Provide an analysis of the approved 2016 opioid production quotas relative to the amount that was ultimately used;

- Provide an explanation for the draft 2018 order of the considerations DEA took into account in establishing the opioid production quotas; and if there is a proposed increase to any opioid production quota, provide a justification of why the public health benefits of increasing the quotas outweigh the consequences of having an increased volume of such substance available for sale and potential diversion in the United States; and
- Make public the approved individual procurement quota for each manufacturer of schedule II opioids, including oxycodone, hydrocodone, oxymorphone, hydromorphone, and fentanyl.

We appreciate DEA's commitment to tackling the opioid epidemic through changes to aggregate production quotas. By continuing to use its quota-setting authority in a proactive and robust way to combat the opioid crisis, while preserving access for legitimate medical use, DEA has the opportunity to make a real and immediate difference that will benefit American communities and save lives.

Richard J. Durbin

Richard J. Durbin United States Senator

Amy Klobuchar United States Senator

Joe Manchin II

United States Senator

Dianne Feinstein United States Senator

Patrick Leahy United States Senator

Sincerely,

Sherrod Brown United States Senator

Edward J. Markey United States Senator

Angus S King, Jr.

Angus Soking, Jr. United States Senator

Claire McCaskill United States Senator

Tammy Baldwin United States Senator

Janne Shakeen

Jeanne Shaheen United States Senator

Catherine Cortez Masto

United States Senator

Richard Blumenthal United States Senator

inten Gillibrand

Kirsten Gillibrand United States Senator

Asn

Margaret Wood Hassan United States Senator

ank

Al Franken United States Senator